Name:\_\_\_\_\_

Date:\_\_\_\_\_

2.\_\_\_\_

## Part A: Selected Response: Place the letter of the correct response in the space provided. (13 marks)

1. If (x-2) is a factor of  $x^3 + 7x^2 - 4x + (3-k)$ , what is the value of k? 1.\_\_\_\_

- (A) -31
- (B) -28
- (C) 28
- (D) 31











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3. Which of the equations below is best represented by the given graph?

3.\_\_\_\_



- (A)  $y = -x^4 + 4x^3$ (B)  $y = x^4 - 4x^3$ (C)  $y = x^3 - 4x^2$
- (D)  $y = -x^3 + 4x^2$

4. Which statement is true for a polynomial function?

- (A) All even degree polynomial functions have at least one *x*-intercept.
- (B) Some odd degree polynomial functions have no *x*-intercepts.
- (C) Even degree polynomial functions always have an even number of *x*-intercepts.
- (D) All odd degree polynomials have at least one *x*-intercept.
- 5. Which function has each of the characteristics:
  - $\checkmark$  an even function
  - $\checkmark$  end behavior in the third and fourth quadrants
  - ✓ y intercept is -6
    - (A)  $P(x) = x^4 5x^2 6$
    - (B)  $P(x) = -x^4 + 3x^3 + 6$
    - (C) P(x) = -(x+2)(x+3)
    - (D)  $P(x) = -x^3 + x 6$

4.

5.

6.\_\_\_\_

7.\_\_\_\_

8.

9.\_\_\_\_

10.\_\_\_\_

- 6. Which represents the value of k if the remainder is 5 for  $(2x^3 + 4x^2 + kx 3) \div (x + 1)$ ?
  - (A) -6 (B) -2 (C) 2
  - (D) 6

7. What are the *x*-intercepts of  $y = 4x^3 - 12x^2 + 8x$ ?

(A) x = -4, -2, -1(B) x = -2, -1, 0(C) x = 0, 1, 2(D) x = 1, 2, 4

8. List all possible integral zeros for  $P(x) = x^4 + 3x^3 - 2x^2 - 12x - 8$ .

(A)  $\pm 1, \pm 8$ (B)  $\pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 3, \pm 4, \pm 6, \pm 12$ (C)  $\pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 4, \pm 8$ (D)  $\pm 2, \pm 4$ 

9. The volume of a rectangular prism is  $V = 2x^3 - 5x^2 - x + 6$ . If two of the dimensions are x - 2 and x + 1, what is an expression for the other dimension?

(A) x - 6(B) x - 6(C) 2x - 3(D) 2x + 3

10. What are the *x* -intercepts of  $f(x) = x^2 (x+3)(x-2)$ ?

(A) -3 and 2 (B) 3 and -2 (C) 0, -3, and 2 (D) 0, 3, and -2

13.\_\_\_\_

- 11. What is the quotient and remainder for  $(2x^3 x^2 + 2x + 4) \div (x 3)$ ? 11.\_\_\_\_
  - (A) The quotient is  $2x^2 + x + 5$ , and the remainder is 19.
  - (B) The quotient is  $2x^2 + 5x + 7$ , and the remainder is 29.
  - (C) The quotient is  $2x^2 + 5x + 17$ , and the remainder is 55. (D) The quotient is  $2x^2 + x + 3$ , and the remainder is 7.
- 12. Which sketch best represents the graph of  $y = ax^4 + bx^3 + cx^2 + dx + e$ 12.\_\_\_\_ if a > 0 and e < 0?



How many *x*-intercepts are possible for the polynomial 13. function  $P(x) = ax^5 + bx^4 + cx^3$ ?

## Part B: Constructed Response: Show workings to all problems.

14. For what value of k will the polynomial  $P(x) = 4x^3 - 3x^2 + kx + 6$  have the same remainder when it is divided by both x - 1 and x + 3? /3

15. Given the graph, determine the equation of the polynomial in factored form. /3



16. Give that x = 2 is a root of the function,  $P(x) = 2x^4 - 3x^3 - 6x^2 + 5x + 6$ , determine the other roots. /4

17. The height of a square-based box is 4 cm more than the side length of its square base. The volume of the box is 225 cm<sup>3</sup>. Create an equation to represent this situation and use it to algebraically determine the dimensions of the box?





/6

- 18. For the polynomial function  $f(x) = -\frac{1}{2}(x+3)(x+1)^2(x-2)^2$  determine the following characteristics:
  - (i) the zeros
  - (ii) the *y*-intercept
  - (iii) degree of the function
  - (iv) sketch the graph
  - (v) the intervals where the function is positive and negative

