

**Part A: Selected Response:** Place the letter of the correct response in the space provided.  
(8 marks)

1. Which function best represents the graph shown below?

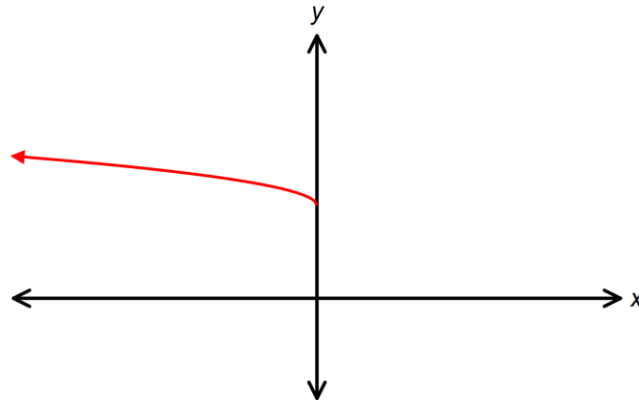
1. \_\_\_\_\_

A)  $y = -\sqrt{x} - 4$

B)  $y = -\sqrt{x} + 4$

C)  $y = \sqrt{-x} - 4$

D)  $y = \sqrt{-x} + 4$



2. The graph of the function  $y = \sqrt{x}$  is stretched horizontally by a factor of 4 and translated 2 units left. What is the domain of the transformed function?

2. \_\_\_\_\_

A)  $x \mid x \geq -2, x \in \mathbb{R}$

(B)  $x \mid x \leq -2, x \in \mathbb{R}$

(C)  $x \mid x \geq 2, x \in \mathbb{R}$

(D)  $x \mid x \leq 2, x \in \mathbb{R}$

3. If  $f(x) = x + 1$ , which point is on the graph of  $y = \sqrt{f(x)}$ ?

3. \_\_\_\_\_

(A) (0,0)

(B) (0,1)

(C) (1,0)

(D) (1,1)

4. Which function has a range of  $y \mid y \leq 0, y \in \mathbb{R}$ ?

4. \_\_\_\_\_

A)  $y = -\sqrt{x-3}$

B)  $y = \sqrt{-x-3}$

C)  $y = \sqrt{-(x-3)}$

D)  $y = -\sqrt{x-3}$

5. Which are all of the invariant points for the graphs of  $f(x) = 4x^2 + 3x$  and  $y = \sqrt{f(x)}$ ?

5. \_\_\_\_\_

A)  $(1, 1), (\frac{3}{4}, 0), (0, 0), (-\frac{1}{4}, 1),$

B)  $(-1, 1), (\frac{3}{4}, 0), (0, 0), (-\frac{1}{4}, 1)$

C)  $(1, 1), (-\frac{3}{4}, 0), (0, 0), (\frac{1}{4}, 1)$

D)  $(-1, 1), (-\frac{3}{4}, 0), (0, 0), (\frac{1}{4}, 1)$

6. Which is the mapping rule that maps  $y = \sqrt{x}$  onto  $y = -4\sqrt{x+3} - 2$ ? 6. \_\_\_\_\_

A)  $(x, y) \rightarrow (x - 3, -4y - 2)$

B)  $(x, y) \rightarrow (x - 3, -\frac{1}{4}y + 2)$

C)  $(x, y) \rightarrow (x + 3, -4y - 2)$

D)  $(x, y) \rightarrow (x + 3, -\frac{1}{4}y + 2)$

7. If  $y = \sqrt{x}$  is stretched horizontally by a factor of 4, which function results? 7. \_\_\_\_\_

A)  $y = \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{x}$

B)  $y = 4\sqrt{x}$

C)  $y = \sqrt{4x}$

D)  $y = \sqrt{\frac{1}{4}x}$

8. What is the domain for  $f(x) = \sqrt{6 - 3x}$ ? 8. \_\_\_\_\_

(A)  $\{x|x \leq 2, x \in R\}$       (B)  $\{x|x \geq 2, x \in R\}$

(C)  $\{x|x \leq 3, x \in R\}$       (D)  $\{x|x \geq 3, x \in R\}$

**Part B: Constructed Response:** Show workings to all problems.

/2 9. Write the radical function that results from applying the following set of transformations to the graph  $y = \sqrt{x}$  :

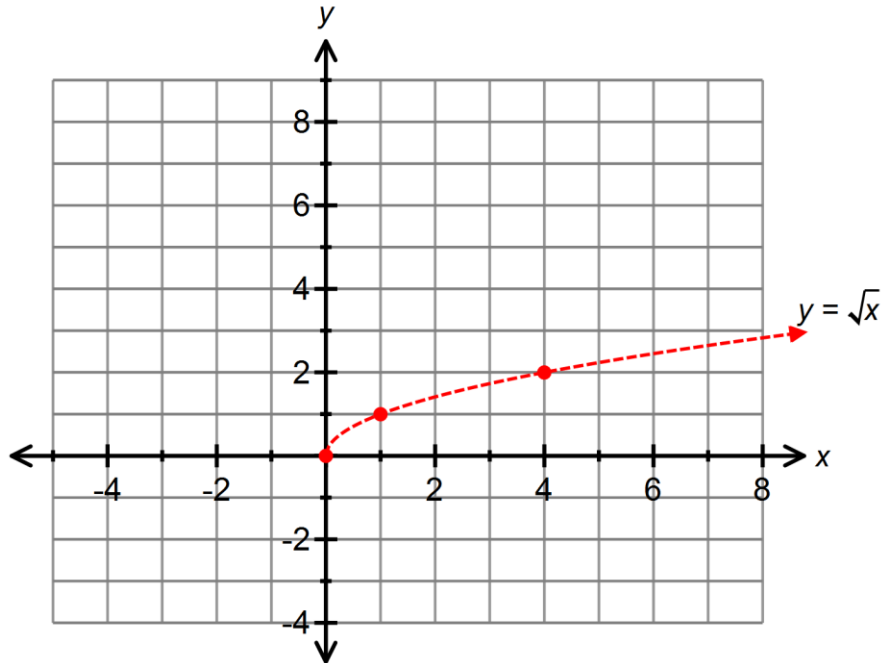
- ✓ vertical stretch by a factor of 5
- ✓ horizontal stretch by a factor of  $\frac{1}{2}$
- ✓ reflection in  $x$ - axis
- ✓ translation 5 units to the right.

- /5 10. (i) Write the mapping rule that maps  $y = \sqrt{x}$  onto the function  $y = 3\sqrt{-2(x-4)} + 1$ .
- (ii) State the domain and range of the transformed function.
- (iii) Sketch the graph on the grid provided, showing the image points for those shown on the graph of  $y = \sqrt{x}$ .

Mapping Rule: \_\_\_\_\_

Domain: \_\_\_\_\_

Range: \_\_\_\_\_

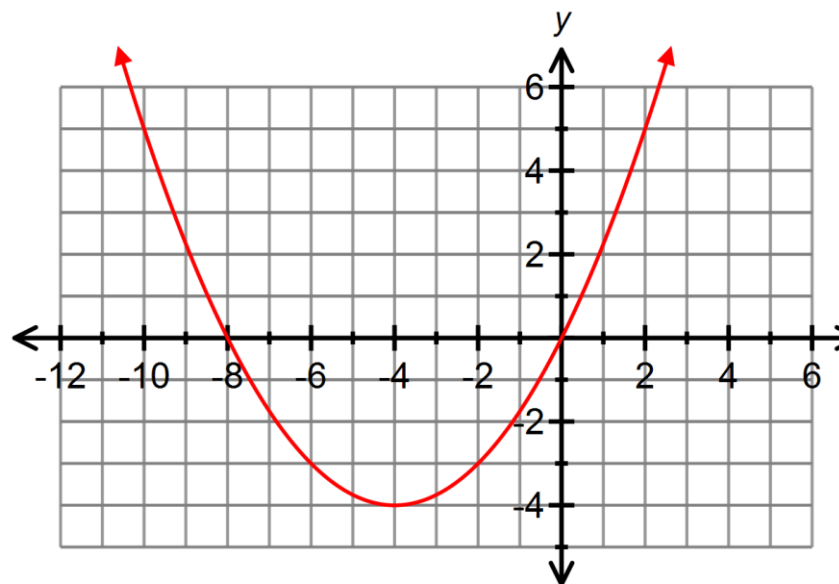


- /5 11. The graph of  $y = f(x)$  is shown. On the same grid, sketch the graph of the function  $y = \sqrt{f(x)}$ , including all invariant points. State the domain and range of  $y = \sqrt{f(x)}$ .

Domain: \_\_\_\_\_

Range: \_\_\_\_\_

Invariant points: \_\_\_\_\_



/3 12. Determine the domain and range of  $y = \sqrt{-2(x-1)^2 + 8}$ . Show algebraic workings.

/4 13. Determine the approximate solution to each equation graphically  $\sqrt{-2x^2 + 9} = 3 - x$   
Verify your answer algebraically.

